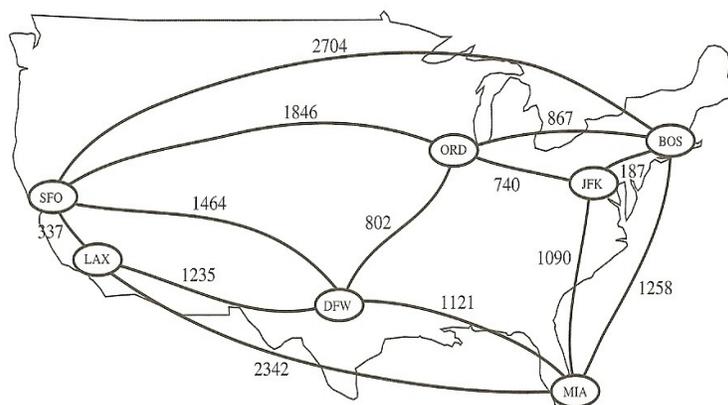


Algoritmo de Kruskal

Grafos

Prof. Dr. Julio Arakaki

Grafo ponderado



Execução do algoritmo de Kruskal

Algoritmo Kruskal (G):

Entrada: um grafo simples, conexo e ponderado G com n vértices e m arestas.

Saída: uma árvore de cobertura mínima T para G .

para cada vértice v em G **faça**

Defina um grupo elementar $C(v) \leftarrow \{v\}$.

Inicialize uma fila de prioridade Q para conter todas as arestas em G , usando seus pesos como chaves.

$T \leftarrow \emptyset$ { T irá conter as arestas da MST}

enquanto T tem menos de $n-1$ arestas **faça**

$(u,v) \leftarrow Q.\text{removeMin}()$

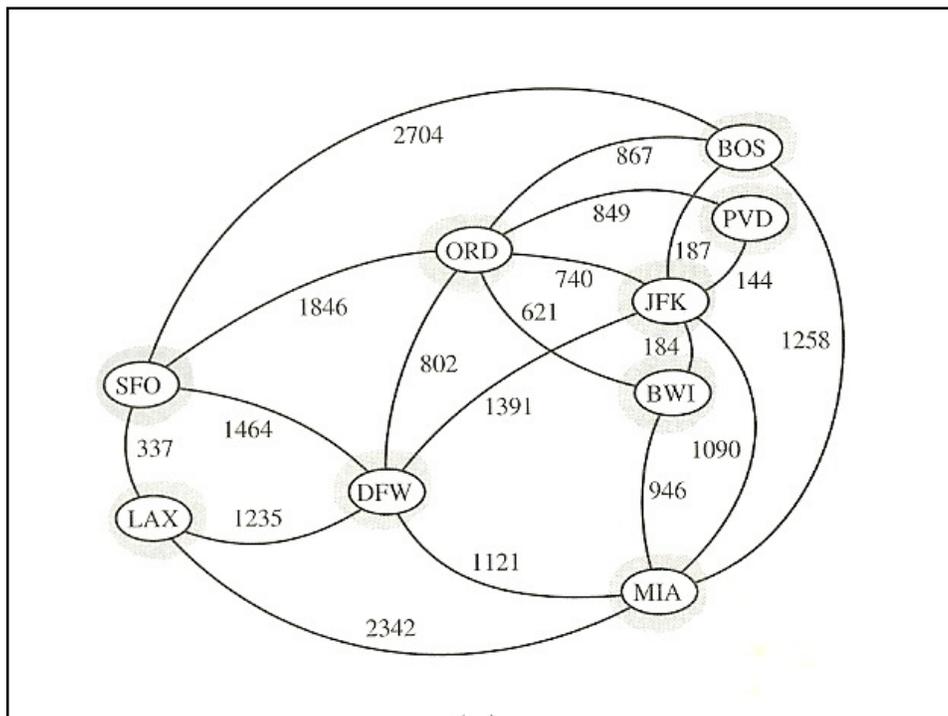
Seja $C(v)$ o grupo contendo v e $C(u)$ o grupo contendo u .

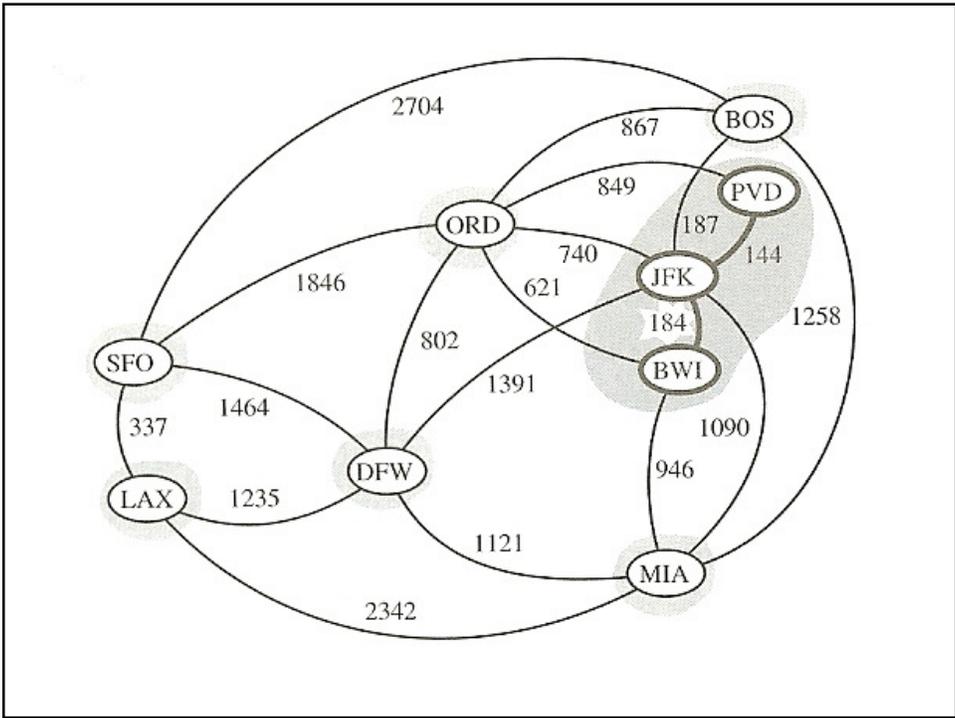
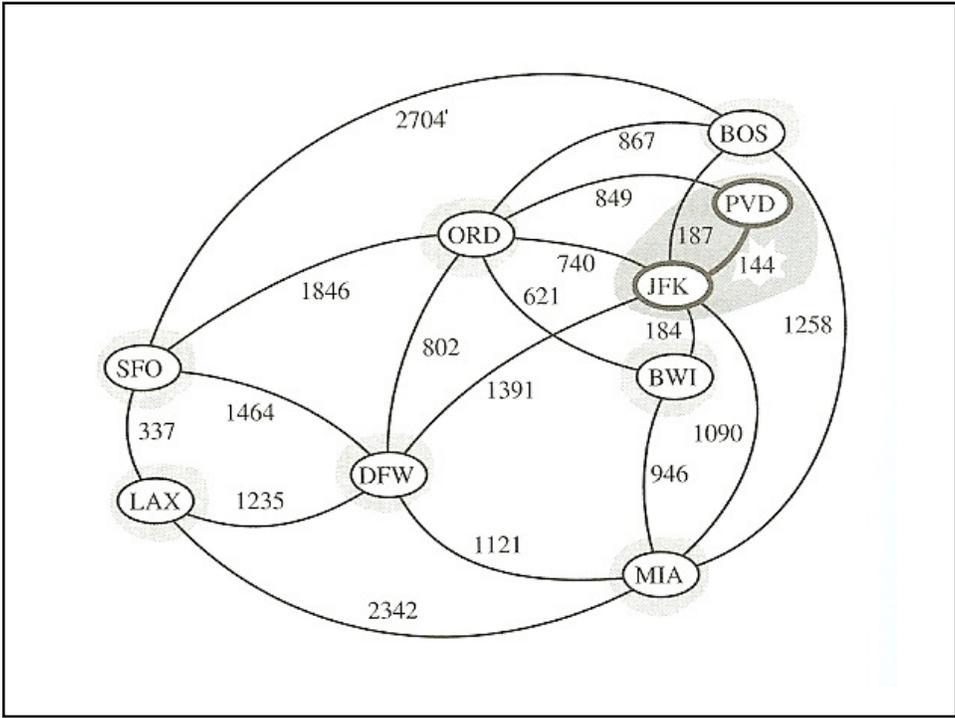
se $C(v) \neq C(u)$ **então**

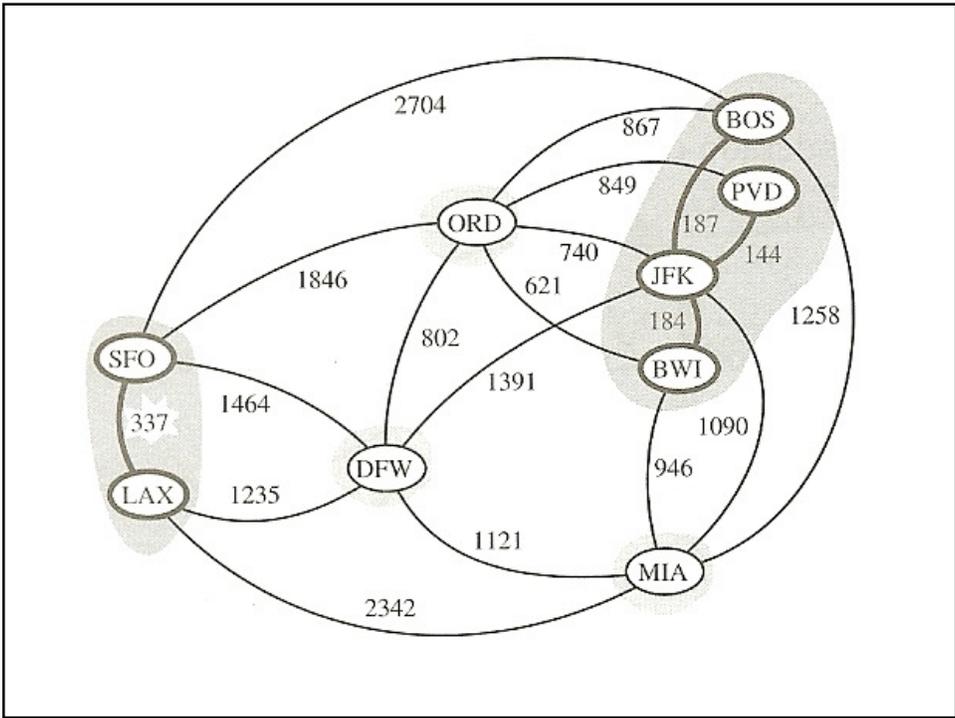
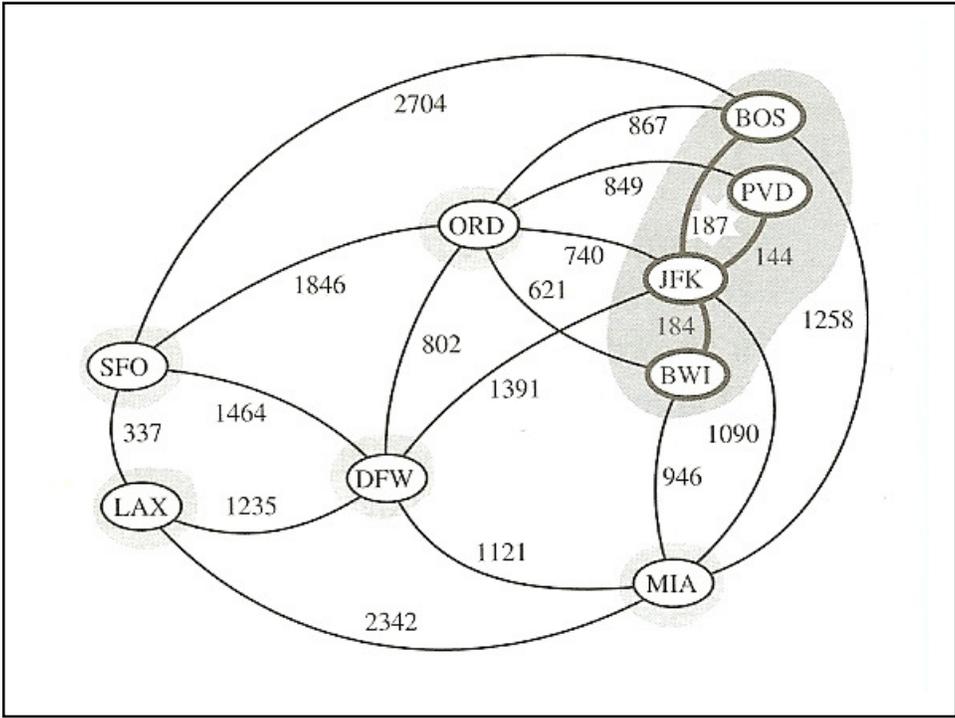
Coloque aresta (v,u) em T

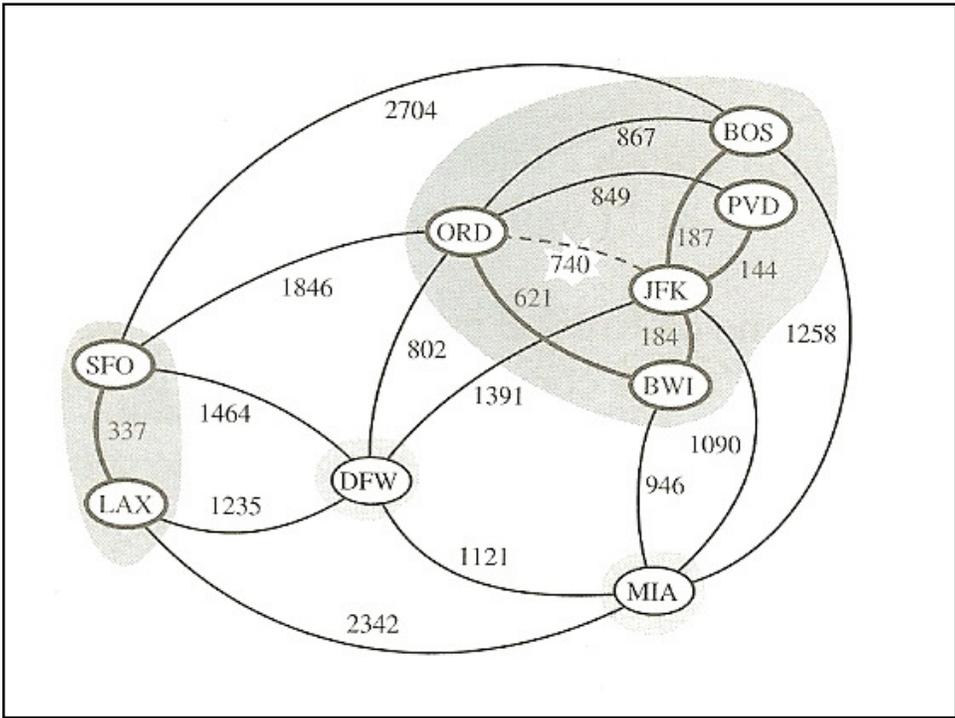
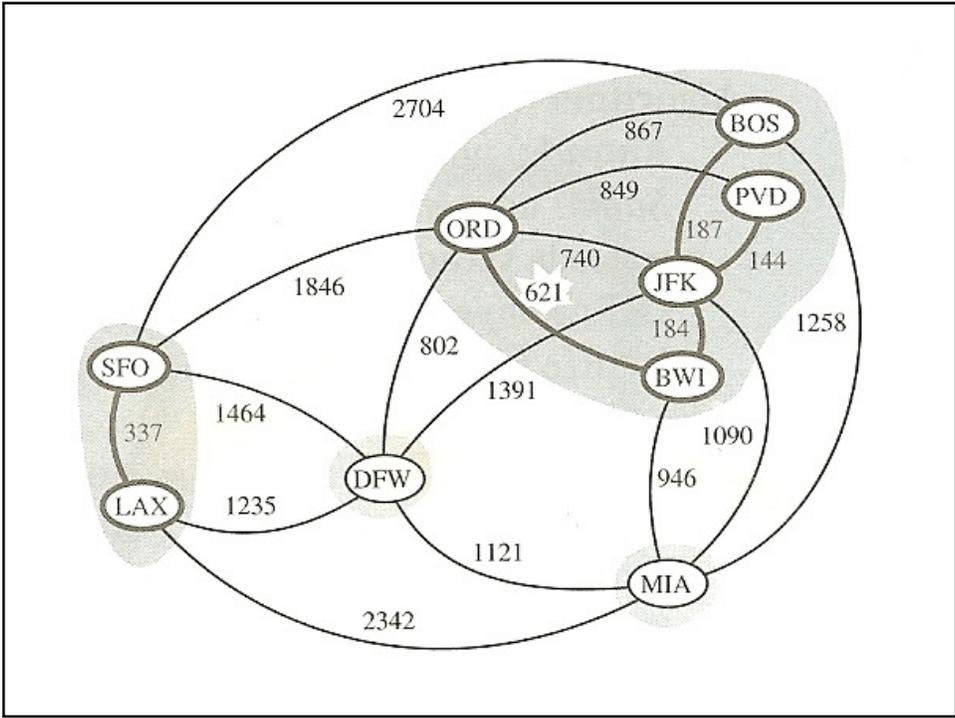
Unifique $C(v)$ e $C(u)$ em um grupo.

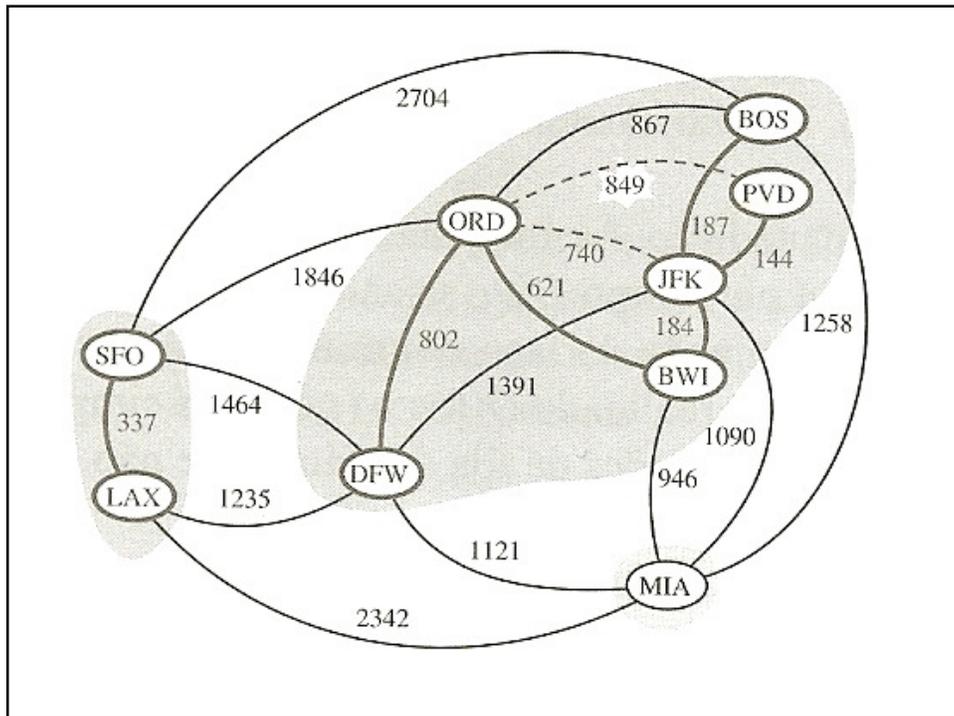
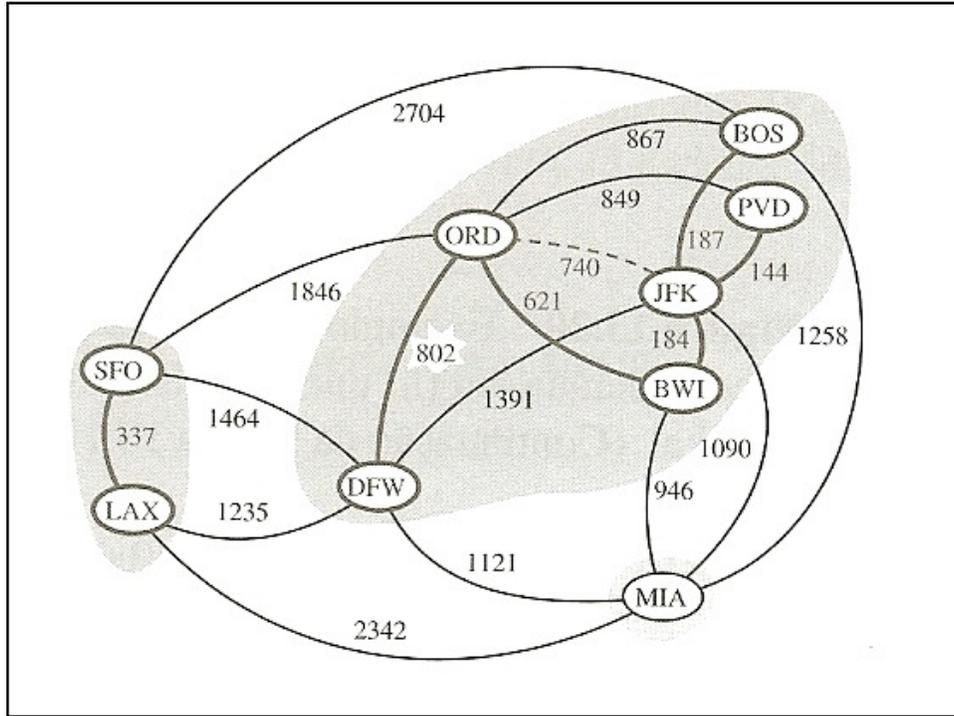
retorna a árvore T

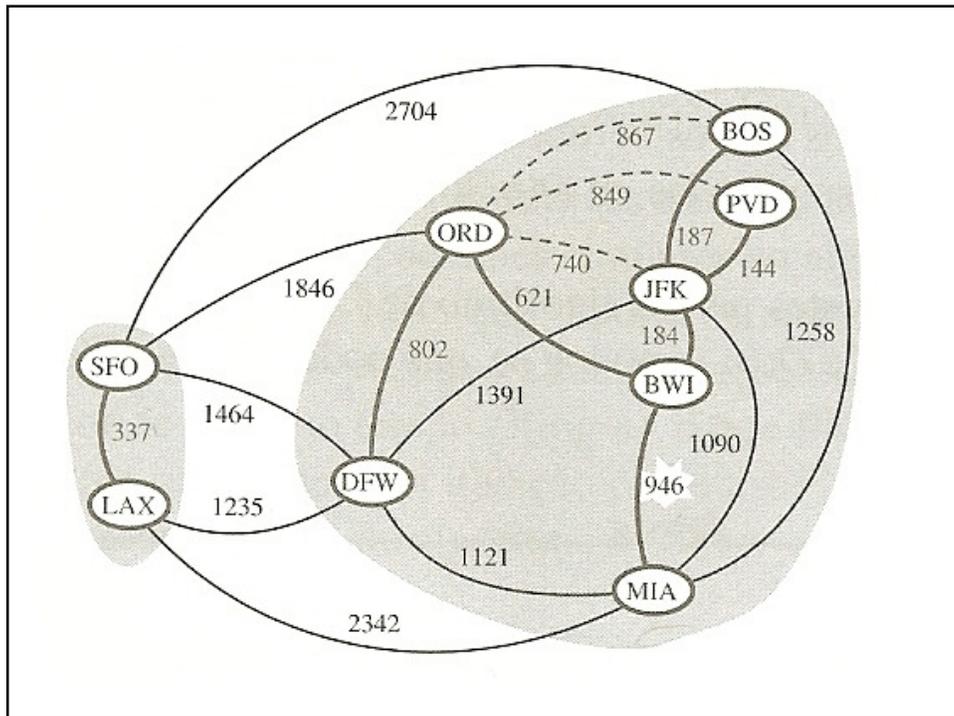
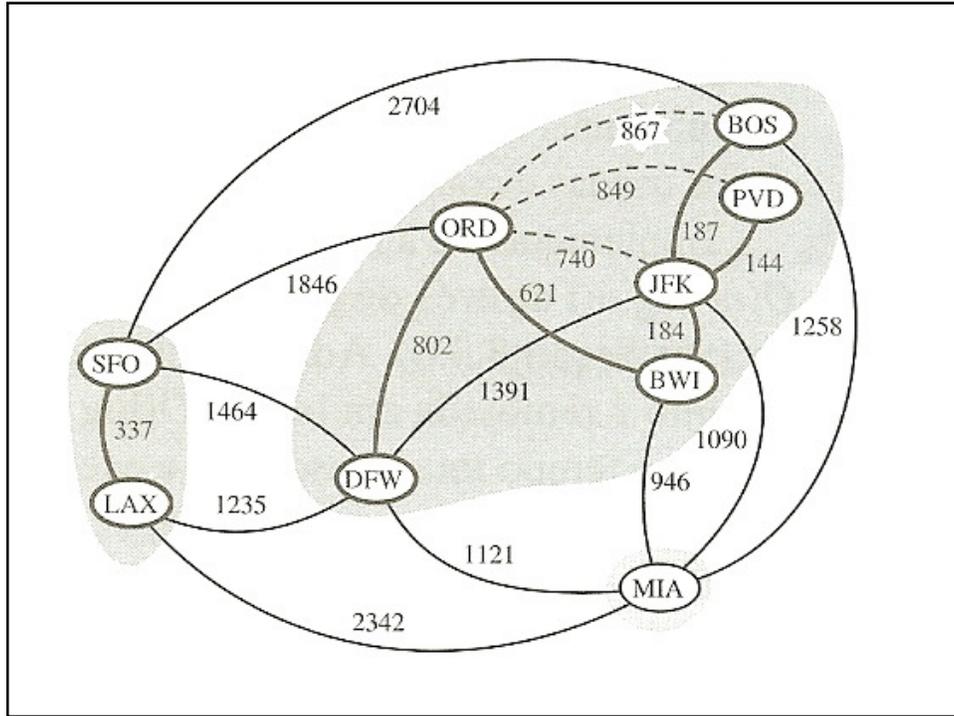


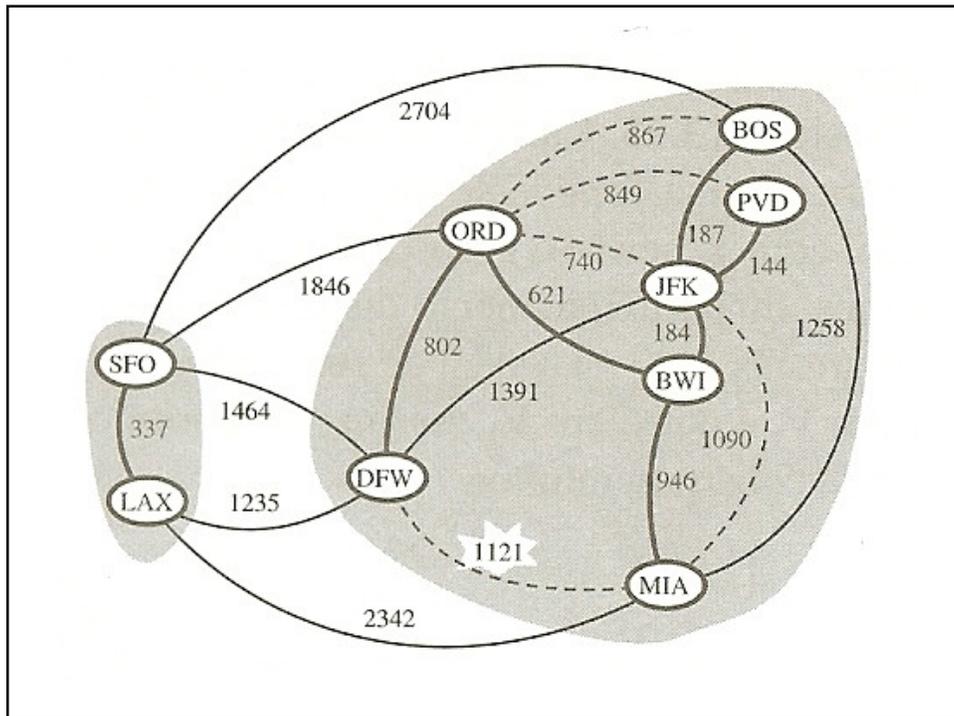
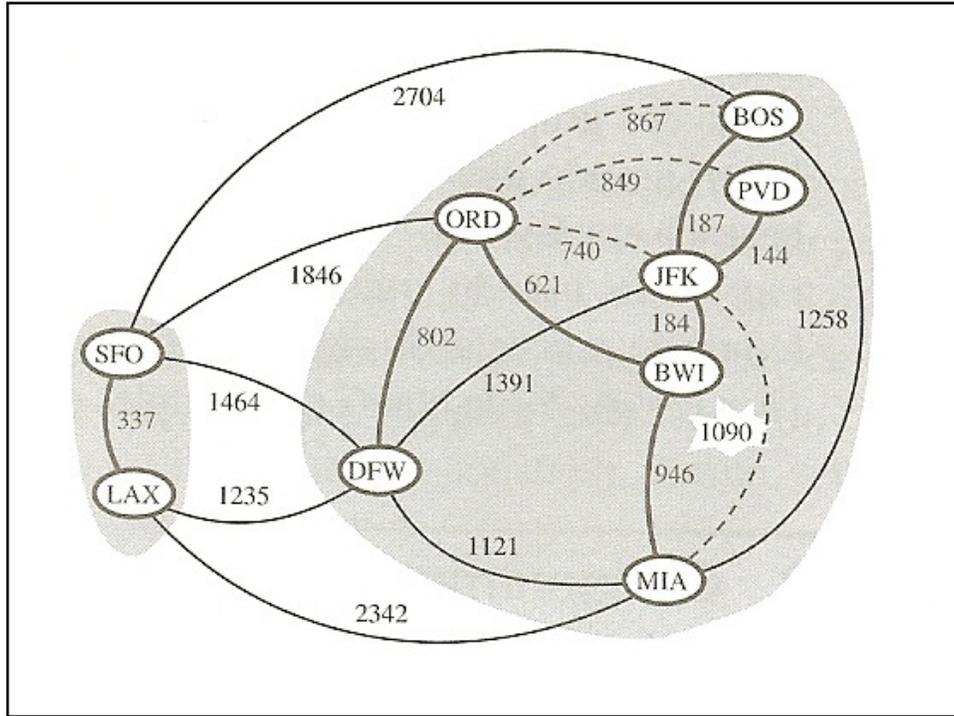


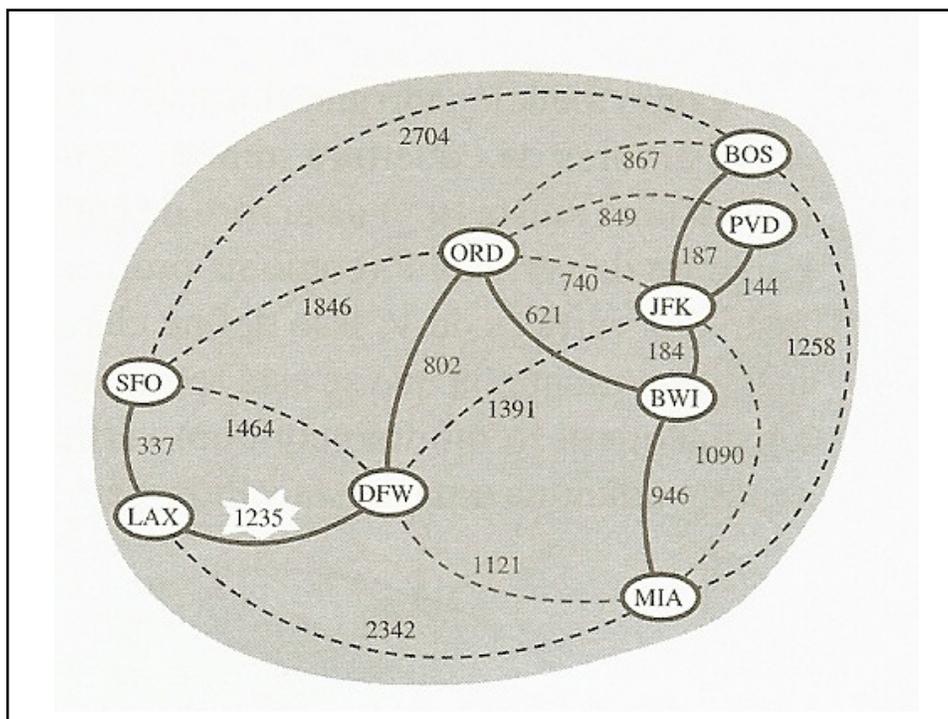




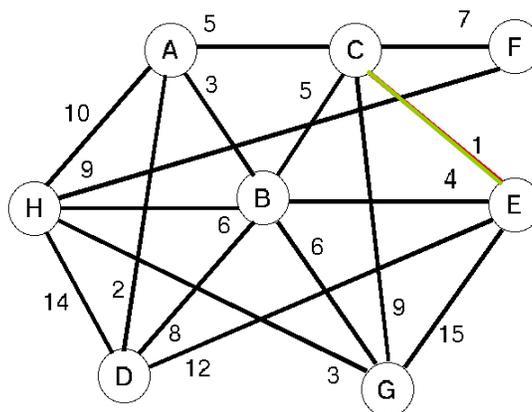








Exercício: determinar a árvore MST do grafo a seguir.



Solução:

